

SAFETY DATA SHEET



KROHN INDUSTRIES
Quality & Service Since 1955

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) complies with the requirements of the U.S. Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200, as updated in 2012) and equivalent state Standards. It has also been developed in accordance with the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification of Chemicals (GHS), and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS). Refer to Section 16 of this document for the definition of terms and abbreviations.

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER:

- PRODUCT NAME(S): **KROHN YELLOW GOLD PLATING SOLUTIONS**
 - 14 Karat Yellow Solution
 - 18 Karat Yellow Solution
 - Hamilton
- VOLUME: 1 quart
- CHEMICAL NAME/CLASS: Inorganic solution.

1.2 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE MIXTURE OR USES ADVISED AGAINST

- IDENTIFIED USE: Electroplating
- USES ADVISED AGAINST: None Specified

1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

- MANUFACTURER/
SUPPLIER: **KROHN INDUSTRIES, INC.**
- ADDRESS: 303 Veterans Blvd.; Carlstadt, NJ; 07072
- BUSINESS PHONE: 201-933-9696
- EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-255-3924 (CHEMTEL; 24 hours)

1.4 OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION

- This product is used as part of metal finishing and polishing processes in relatively small volume (1 quart). This SDS has been developed to address safety concerns affecting small volume handling situations and those involving warehouses and other workplaces where large numbers of these items are stored or distributed.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

REGULATION	CLASSIFICATION
OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION (GHS)	Skin irritation (Category 2); Serious eye irritation (Category 2A); Acute Toxicity, Oral (Category 4); Acute Toxicity, Dermal (Category 3); Acute Toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4); Skin Sensitization (Category 1); [PER UN GHS: Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 3); Chronic aquatic toxicity (Category 3)]

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS

- BASED ON GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM

Symbol: To the right.

Signal Word: Danger.

Hazard statement(s)

- H315: Causes skin irritation. H318: Causes serious eye irritation. H302 + H312 H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin, or inhaled. H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H402 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (Continued)

2.3 LABEL ELEMENTS (Continued)

Precautionary statement(s)

- P102: Keep out of reach of children.
- P261: Avoid breathing mist/ vapors/ spray.
- P264: Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
- P270: Do not eat, smoke or drink when using this product.
- P271: Use in well-ventilated areas.
- P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P273: Avoid release to the environment.
- P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P301+P310 +330: Rinse mouth.
- P302+P352+P361+P362: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
- P304+P340: IF INHALED: remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
- P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P312: ALL ROUTES OF EXPSOURE: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P321 - Specific treatment (see Antidote on this label).
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant; precious metal reclamation should be considered.

Antidote: If breathing is difficult or victim is unconscious, administer amyl nitrite. See Safety Data Sheet for full details.

2.3 OTHER PERTINENT DATA ON CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL HAZARDS

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

Health	2	HMIS Personal Protective Equipment Rating: Occupational Use situations: C - Safety glasses and gloves, and body protection suitable to specific circumstances of use.
Flammability	0	
Physical Hazard	0	
Protective Equipment	C	

CANADIAN REGULATORY STATUS

- This product is classified as hazardous under Canadian Hazardous Products regulations (SOR 2015-17). See the above section for classification.
- This SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 SUBSTANCES/MIXTURES

COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER	GHS HAZARD CLASSIFICATION	% (w/w)
Potassium Gold Cyanide	13967-50-5	Acute Toxicity- Oral (Category 2); Acute Toxicity- Dermal (Category 1); Acute Toxicity- Inhalation (Category 2); Aquatic Toxicity – Chronic (Category 1)	0.1-0.5%
Potassium Cyanide	151-50-8	Corrosive to metals (Category 1); Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 2); Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 2); Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 1); Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 1, Thyroid, Central Nervous System, Heart), Acute aquatic hazard (Category 1) Chronic aquatic hazard (Category 1; M = 10)	0.1-0.5%
Potassium Carbonate	584-08-7	Skin Irritation (Category 2); Eye Irritation (Category 2A)	0.4-1.0%
Nickel Chloride Hexachloride	7791-20-0	Acute Toxicity – Oral (Category 4); Acute Toxicity – Inhalation (Category 4); Carcinogenicity (Category 1A); Sensitization -Skin (Category 1); Sensitization - Respiratory (Category 1); Reproductive Toxicity (Category 2); Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Dose (Category 2); Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Dose (Category 2); Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Category 1) Chronic Aquatic Toxicity (Category 1)	Less than 0.1%
Water and other component that do not present health or physical hazards at the concentrations present in the solution.			Balance

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

AREA EXPOSED

Eye Contact	Flush with copious amounts of water for 15 minutes. "Roll" eyes during flush. Seek medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact	Flush area with warm, running water for several minutes. Seek medical attention if rash develop or irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Obtain fresh air. Seek medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	If conscious only: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Contact a Poison Control Center or physician for instructions.
Other Recommendations	Wash clothing after reuse.

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT ACUTE AND CHRONIC EXPOSURE SYMPTOMS

- **ACUTE:** The following sections describe acute symptoms by route of exposure.
 - **Inhalation** - Over-exposure to mists or sprays of this product by inhalation may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory tract. Inhalation over-exposures to this product can also be harmful.
 - **Skin and Eyes** – Based on pH levels, this product can cause skin irritation and serious eye irritation. Additionally, due to the presence of cyanide compounds, skin or eye contact can be harmful.
 - **Ingestion** - Though not anticipated to be a significant route of occupational exposure, ingestion of this product, even in small quantities, can be harmful.
 - **All Routes of Exposure** - Symptoms of cyanide exposure include sleepiness, dizziness, confusion, headache, nausea and vomiting.
- **CHRONIC:** Based on pH, chronic over-exposures to this solution can cause dermatitis (inflammation of the skin) after prolonged or repeated skin contact. Due to the presence of Nickel Chloride Hexahydrate, which is a potent skin sensitizer, exposure to this product may produce allergic skin reactions.
- **TARGET ORGANS:** Skin, eyes, respiratory system, blood and metabolic enzymes.

4.3 INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

- **RECOMMENDATIONS TO PHYSICIANS:** Treat symptoms and eliminate exposure.
- **CYANIDE EXPOSURE PREPAREDNESS:** All persons working with this product should be aware of the potential for cyanide sickness and trained to provide First-Aid using oxygen and amyl nitrite. Always have on-hand the materials needed. Actions to be taken in case of cyanide sickness should be planned and practiced before beginning work with cyanides. Identification of community hospital resources and emergency medical assistance in order that they be equipped and trained on the handling of cyanide emergencies is essential.
- **ANTIDOTE:** If the victim has difficulty breathing, is becoming confused and/or is losing consciousness, administer amyl nitrite. The following procedure is recommended:
 - Crush one pearl of amyl nitrite onto a cloth and hold to the victim's nose for 15 seconds, then take away for 15 seconds. Repeat 5-6 times, using a new pearl every 5 minutes (0.3 mg size) or every 3 minutes (0.18 mg size), until patient regains consciousness.
 - While amyl nitrite is being used, monitor the victim's blood pressure. If it drops below 80/60, stop the amyl nitrite and obtain the opinion of physician immediately.
 - If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin artificial respiration or, if the heart has stopped, begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately (avoid mouth to mouth contact). If breathing is difficult, oxygen (preferably 100 percent) may be helpful.
 - Quickly transport victim to an emergency facility.
 - Physicians should refer to Section 11 (Toxicology Information) for additional information.
- **MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE:** Over-exposure to this product may aggravate pre-existing respiratory, blood, and skin conditions.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

- **RECOMMENDED FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Water Spray, Water Jet, Dry Powder, Foam, Carbon Dioxide, or any other.
- **UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** None known.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

- **NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION:** Not flammable.
- **NFPA RATING:** See pictogram to right.
- **UNUSUAL HAZARDS IN FIRE SITUATIONS:** Due to the presence of cyanide compounds, this solution presents a significant health hazard to fire-fighters. When involved in a fire, this material may decompose and produce irritating fumes and toxic gases (e.g., hydrogen cyanide, potassium, nickel, chlorine, and gold compounds).
 - Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not sensitive.
 - Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.



5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

- Wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus and full protective equipment for fire response. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk to personnel. Otherwise, use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Contaminated equipment should be rinsed with a 10% bleach solution, then thoroughly rinsed with water, before returning to service.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

- **RESPONSE TO INCIDENTAL RELEASES:** Personnel who have received basic chemical safety training can generally handle small-scale releases (e.g., under 1 quart). For small releases, the minimum Personal Protective Equipment should be rubber gloves and rubber apron, splash goggles or safety glasses.

In the event a release situation during which there is a potential for inhalation of mists or sprays, respiratory protection should be worn. If necessary, use air-purifying respirator with High-efficiency particulate filter cartridges with face-shield. Use caution during clean-up; contaminated floors and items may be slippery.

- **RESPONSE TO NON-INCIDENTAL RELEASES:** If oxygen levels are below 19.5% or are unknown, or if the release is deemed non-incident, clear the affected area, protect people, and respond with trained personnel. Minimum Personal Protective Equipment should be Level B: triple-gloves (rubber gloves and nitrile gloves, over latex gloves), chemically resistant suit and boots, hard-hat, and Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). SCBA should be worn when oxygen levels are below 19.5% or are unknown.
- **RESPONSE PROCEDURES FOR ANY RELEASE:** Absorb spilled liquid with polypads or other suitable absorbent materials. Treat any potentially contaminated item or surface with 10 percent bleach solution followed by a triple rinse with water.

6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

- Avoid response actions that can cause a release of a significant amount of the substance (1 liter or more) into the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

- **SPILL RESPONSE EQUIPMENT:** Polypad or other absorbent material. 10 percent bleach solution.

6.4 REFERENCES TO OTHER SECTIONS

- **SECTION 8:** For exposure levels and detailed personal protective equipment recommendations.
- **SECTION 13:** For waste handling guidelines.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

- **HYGIENE PRACTICES:** Keep out of reach of children. Follow good chemical hygiene practices. Do not smoke, drink, eat, or apply cosmetics in the chemical use area. Avoid inhalation of vapors, mists and sprays. Use in well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. Remove contaminated clothing promptly. Clean up spilled product immediately. Medical treatment kits for cyanide sickness should be conveniently located for easy access.
- **HANDLING RECOMMENDATIONS:** Employees must be appropriately trained to use this product safely as needed. Keep containers closed when not in use.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

- **STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS:** Ensure all containers are correctly labeled. Store containers away from direct sunlight, sources of intense heat, or where freezing is possible. Store this product away from incompatible chemicals (See Section 10, Stability and Reactivity). Empty containers may contain residual liquid; therefore, empty containers should be handled with care. Material should be stored in secondary containers, or in a diked area, as appropriate. Storage and use areas should be covered with impervious materials. Storage areas should be made of corrosion-resistant materials. If appropriate, post warning signs in storage and use areas. Inspect all incoming containers before storage, to ensure containers are properly labeled and not damaged.

7.3 SPECIFIC END USES

- **RECOMMENDATIONS:** Place product away from children and animals.
- **INDUSTRIAL-SECTOR SPECIFIC SOLUTIONS: PROTECTIVE PRACTICES DURING MAINTENANCE OF CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT --** Follow practices indicated in Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures).

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS

- **U.S. NATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:**

COMPONENT	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH REL	OTHER
Potassium Gold Cyanide; Potassium Cyanide (Cyanides, as CN)	5 mg/m ³ , Ceiling (as Cyanide Salts); Skin	TWA - 5 mg/m ³ ; Skin	NE	NIOSH IDLH: 25 mg/m ³ CAL PEL: 5 mg/m ³
Nickel Chloride (as Nickel, soluble compounds)	TWA= 0.1 mg/m ³	1 mg/m ³ , as Ni	TWA= 0.015 mg/m ³	NIOSH IDLH: 10 mg/m ³ CAL PEL: 0.05 mg/m ³

- **BIOLOGICAL OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:** No Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) are available for the components of this product.

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS

- **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Use this product in well-ventilated environment. Safety showers, eye wash stations, and hand-washing equipment should be available.
- **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** None needed under normal conditions of use. Use NIOSH approved respirators if ventilation is inadequate to control mists. Maintain airborne contaminate concentrations below guidelines listed in Section 3 (Composition and Information on Ingredients). If respiratory protection is needed, use only respiratory protection authorized in the U.S. Federal OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134), equivalent U.S. State standards, or Canadian CSA Standard Z94.4-93. The following NIOSH Respiratory Guideline Protection Equipment recommendations for Potassium Cyanide:

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- **UP TO 25 mg/m:** Supplied Air Respirator or full facepiece Self Contained Breathing Apparatus.
 - **EMERGENCY OR PLANNED ENTRY INTO UNKNOWN CONCENTRATIONS OR IDLH CONDITIONS:** Positive pressure, full facepiece Self Contained Breathing Apparatus; or positive pressure, full facepiece Supplied Air Respirator with an auxiliary positive pressure Self Contained Breathing Apparatus.
 - **ESCAPE:** Gas mask with high-efficiency particulate filter and canister to protect against cyanides; or escape type Self Contained Breathing Apparatus
- **HAND PROTECTION:** Rubber or neoprene gloves should be used. Use triple gloves for spill response, as stated in Section 6 (Accidental Release Measures) of this SDS. If necessary, refer to U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138, or the appropriate standards of Canada.
 - **EYE PROTECTION:** Splash goggles or safety glasses. If splashes or sprays could occur when product is used, a face shield should be considered. If necessary, refer to U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133, or Canadian Standards.
 - **BODY PROTECTION:** Use a body protection appropriate to task (e.g., lab coat, coveralls, or apron). Care should be taken to select protection for potentially exposed areas when splashes, sprays, or prolonged exposure could occur in occupational settings.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- (a) **APPEARANCE:** Colorless solution.
- (b) **ODOR:** Odorless.
- (c) **ODOR THRESHOLD:** Not determined.
- (d) **pH:** 10-11.
- (e) **MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT:** Not available.
- (f) **INITIAL BOILING POINT AND BOILING RANGE:** Not available.
- (g) **FLASH POINT:** Not applicable.
- (h) **EVAPORATION RATE (water=1):** Approximately 1.0.
- (i) **FLAMMABILITY:** Not flammable.
- (j) **UPPER/LOWER FLAMMABILITY OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS:** Not applicable.
- (k) **VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg @ 20°C):** Not determined.
- (l) **VAPOR DENSITY:** Not determined.
- (m) **RELATIVE DENSITY (water=1):** Approximately 1.0
- (n) **SOLUBILITY:** Soluble.
- (o) **PARTITION COEFFICIENT: N-OCTANOL/WATER:** Not determined.
- (p) **AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE:** Not applicable.
- (q) **DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:** Not determined.
- (r) **VISCOSITY:** Not determined.
- (s) **EXPLOSIVE PROPERTIES:** Not applicable.
- (t) **OXIDIZING PROPERTIES:** Not an oxidizer.

9.2 OTHER INFORMATION

- **VOC (less water & exempt):** Not applicable.
- **WEIGHT% VOC:** Not applicable.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 REACTIVITY

- Not reactive under typical conditions of use or handling.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY

- Normally stable under standard temperatures and pressures.

10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

- This product is not self-reactive or air-reactive; it will not undergo hazardous polymerization.

10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID

- Avoid contact with incompatible chemicals.

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

- This product is not compatible with oxidizers or strong acids. Contact of this product with acids or acid salts can release toxic hydrogen cyanide gas.

10.6 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

- The products of thermal decomposition include hydrogen cyanide, other cyanide compounds, and substances containing potassium, nickel, chlorine, and gold.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

- **ACUTE TOXICITY:** This product has been tested and determined not to be hazardous for transportation. Based on the data, and those of the components, the following estimates have been determined -

- **PRODUCT TOXICITY DATA:**

- Acute Toxicity Estimate (oral) > 1000 mg/kg
- Acute Toxicity Estimate (dermal) > 1000 mg/kg
- Acute Toxicity Estimate (inhalation) = 1.0 - 4.5 mg/L (mists)

- **COMPONENT TOXICITY DATA:** The following toxicology data are available for the listed components of this product.

POTASSIUM GOLD CYANIDE

LD₅₀ Oral – rat - 29 mg/kg

POTASSIUM CYANIDE

LD₅₀ Oral – rat – 7.9-10 mg/kg

LD₅₀ Dermal-rabbit – 14.29 mg/kg

POTASSIUM CARBONATE

LD₅₀ Oral – rat - 1870 mg/kg

NICKEL CHLORIDE

LD₅₀ Oral – rat - 550 mg/kg

LC₅₀ Inhalation – rat - 4.43 mg/L

- **DEGREE OF IRRITATION:** Based on pH, this product is anticipated to ca.
- **SENSITIZATION:** Potassium Cyanide (a component of this product) is a sensitizer and can cause allergy-like skin reactions upon repeated or prolonged exposure.). Nickel Chloride Hexahydrate is a potent skin sensitizer.
- **REVIEW OF ACUTE SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS:** See Section 2 (Hazards Information) and Section 4 (First-Aid Measures) for further details.
 - **EYES:** Can cause serious eye irritation.
 - **SKIN:** Can cause skin irritation. Harmful if in contact with skin.
 - **INHALATION:** Mists or vapors of this product can cause nasal irritation, sore throat, choking, coughing, and breathing difficulties. Solution is harmful if inhaled.
 - **INGESTION:** Although not anticipated to be a significant route of occupational over-exposures, ingestion of this product is anticipated to be harmful.

- **CHRONIC TOXICITY:**

- **CARCINOGENICITY STATUS:** The following table summarizes the carcinogenicity listing for the components of this product. “NO” indicates that the substance is not considered to be, or suspected to be, a carcinogen by the listed agency.

CHEMICAL	IARC	NTP	NIOSH	OSHA	OTHER
Cyanides (Potassium Gold Cyanide, Potassium Cyanide)	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
Potassium Carbonate	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO
Nickel Chloride (as Nickel, soluble compounds)	IARC-1 Known to be a Human Carcinogen	NTP-1 Known to be a Human Carcinogen	Carcinogen	NO	MAK: Substances that can cause cancer in man.

- **REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION:** This product is not reported to have adverse reproductive effects in humans. Clinical studies on test animals exposed to relatively high doses of Potassium Cyanide and Nickel Chloride Hexahydrate (components of this product) indicate adverse reproductive effects.
- **MUTAGENIC EFFECTS:** This product is not reported to have mutagenic effects in humans. Mutation data are available for Potassium Cyanide (a component of this product); these data were obtained during clinical studies on specific human or animal tissues exposed to high doses of these compounds.
- **SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY – SINGLE EXPOSURE:** Not classified.
- **SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY – REPEATED EXPOSURE:** Not classified.
- **ASPHYXIATION HAZARD:** Not classified.

- **OTHER INFORMATION**

- **TOXICOLOGICALLY SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS:** None known.
- **ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY:** None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 TOXICITY

- Based on available data, this product is anticipated to be harmful or fatal to contaminated terrestrial and aquatic plants or animals.
- The following aquatic toxicity data are available for components of this product.

POTASSIUM CYANIDE

LC50 - Gasterosteus aculeatus (threespine stickleback) - 0.0988 mg/l - 96 hours
LC50 - Daphnia pulex (Water flea) - 0.11 mg/l - 48 hours
EC50 - activated sludge - 0.6 - 2.3 mg/l - 30 min (

POTASSIUM CARBONATE

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - < 510 mg/l, 96 hours

NICKEL CHLORIDE

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.51 mg/l - 48 hours

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

- When released into the soil, the components of this product are expected to dissipate in soils via oxidation, or otherwise chemically degrade or photo-decompose via solar radiation.

12.3 BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

- The following components of this product are not reported to bioaccumulate significantly.

12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL

- It is to be expected this product will have small mobility in soil. Some of the components may get into the soil and, ultimately, the ground water. Product spreads on the water surface.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

- WASTE HANDLING RECOMMENDATIONS:** Prepare, transport, treat, store, and dispose of waste product according to all applicable local, U.S. State and U.S. Federal regulations, or the applicable Canadian standards.
- PRECIOUS METAL RECLAMATION:** Users of the product may wish to utilize precious metal reclamation services for final disposition of wastes.

13.2 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- EPA RCRA WASTE CODE:** P030 and P098, applicable to wastes consisting only of this product.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 TRANSPORTATION REGULATIONS

- DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SHIPPING REGULATIONS:**

UN/NA Number	Proper Shipping Name	Packing Group	Hazard Class	Label	North American Emergency Response Guide #	Marine Pollutant Status
THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN TESTED AND IS NOT REGULATED AS HAZARDOUS MATERIAL FOR TRANSPORTATION.						

- CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION:** This product is not regulated by Transport Canada as dangerous goods under Canadian transportation standards. Refer to above information.
- IATA DESIGNATION:** This product is not regulated as dangerous goods by the International Air Transport Association.
- IMO DESIGNATION:** This product is not regulated as dangerous goods by the International Maritime Organization.

14.2 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

- None described, as related to transportation.

14.3 SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USERS

- Not applicable.

14.4 TRANSPORT IN BULK

- Not applicable.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1: SAFETY, HEALTH, AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS SPECIFIC FOR THE PRODUCT

• OTHER IMPORTANT U.S. REGULATIONS

- **U.S. SARA THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY:** Not applicable.
- **U.S. SARA HAZARD CATEGORIES (SECTION 311/312, 40 CFR 370-21):** Skin Corrosion/Irritation; Eye Damage/Irritation; Acute Toxicity, Skin Sensitization.
- **U.S. CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ):** Potassium Cyanide/Potassium Gold Cyanide = 10 lb. (as Cyanides, soluble salts, not otherwise specified).
- **U.S. TSCA INVENTORY STATUS:** All components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory.
- **US SARA 313:** This material contains cyanide compounds (Potassium Gold Cyanide, Potassium Cyanide), and Nickel Chloride Hexahydrate that are subject to the requirements of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373.
- **CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT (PROPOSITION 65) STATUS:** Nickel Compounds are found on the Proposition 65 Carcinogen List.



WARNING: This product can expose you to a Nickel Compound, a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to www.p65Warnings.ca.gov

• INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

- **CANADIAN DSL/NDSL INVENTORY STATUS:** The listed components of this product are on the DSL/NDSL Inventory.
- **CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA) PRIORITY SUBSTANCES LISTS:** The components of this product are not on the CEPA Priority Substances Lists.

15.2 CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT.

- No information available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 INDICATION OF CHANGE.

- **ORIGINAL DATE OF ISSUE:** June 28, 2019
- **SUPERCEDES:** Not applicable.
- **CHANGE INDICATED:** Not applicable.

16.2 KEY LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA

- SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR COMPONENT PRODUCTS.
- Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: 29 CFR 1910.1200
- TOXNET.com: Toxicology Network, US National Library of Medicine

16.3 CLASSIFICATION AND PROCEDURE USED TO DERIVE THE CLASSIFICATIONS FOR MIXTURES

- **CLASSIFICATION:** Section 2 (Hazards Information) provides all relevant classification information used for this product. The assignments were based on data available for the component products, calculations, expert judgment, and weight of evidence.

16.4 WARRANTY AND COPYRIGHT

- **WARRANTY:** The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Krohn Industries. assumes no responsibility for injury to the vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, Krohn Industries assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in his use of the material.
- **COPYRIGHT** - © 2019 by Krohn Industries

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

16.5 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS.

ALL SECTIONS: OSHA: U.S. Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration. WHMIS: Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Standard. GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification of Chemical Substances

SECTION 2: HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM RATING: This is a rating system used by industry to summarize physical and health hazards to chemical users and was originally developed by the National Paint and Coating Association. 0 = No Significant Hazard. 1 = Slight Hazard. 2 = Moderate Hazard. 3 = Severe Hazard. 4 = Extreme Hazard.

SECTION 3: CAS Number: Chemical Abstract Service Number, which is used by the American chemical Society to uniquely identify a chemical.

SECTION 5: NFPA: National Fire Protection Association. NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: The NFPA uses the flash point (F.I.P.) and boiling point (BP) to classify flammable or combustible liquids. Class IA: F.I.P. below 73°F and BP below 100°F. Class IB: F.I.P. below 73°F and BP at or above 100°F. Class IC: F.I.P. at or above 73°F and BP at or above 100°F. Class II: F.I.P. at or above 100°F and below 140°F. Class IIIA: F.I.P. at or above 140°F and below 200°F. Class IIIB: F.I.P. at or above 200°F. NFPA HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RATING: This is a rating system used to summarize physical and health hazards to firefighters. 0 = No Significant Hazard. 1 = Slight Hazard. 2 = Moderate Hazard. 3 = Severe Hazard. 4 = Extreme Hazard.

SECTION 8: NE: Not established. ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists; TWA: Time-Weighted Average (over an 8-hour work day); STEL: Short-Term Exposure Limit (15-minute average, no more than 4-times daily and each exposure separated by one-hour minimally); C: Ceiling Limit (concentration not to be exceeded in a work environment). PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit. NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health; REL: Recommended Exposure Limit; IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health Concentrations. *Note*: In July 1992, a court ruling vacated the more protective PELs set by OSHA in 1989. Because OSHA may enforce the more protective levels under the "general duty clause", both the current and vacated levels are presented in this document. ppm: Parts per Million. mg/m³: Milligrams per cubic meter. mppcf: Millions of Particles per Cubic Foot. BEI: Biological Exposure Limit.

SECTION 9: pH: Scale (0 to 14) used to rate the acidity or alkalinity of aqueous solutions. For example, a pH value of 0 indicates a strongly acidic solution, pH of 7 indicates a neutral solution, and a pH value of 14 indicates an extremely basic solution. FLASH POINT: Temperature at which a liquid generates enough flammable vapors so that ignition may occur. AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Temperature at which spontaneous ignition occurs. LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (LEL): The minimal concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (UEL): The maximum concentration of flammable vapors in air which will sustain ignition. ≈: Approximately symbol.

SECTION 11: CARCINOGENICITY STATUS: NTP: National Toxicology Program. IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer. REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY INFORMATION: Mutagen: Substance capable of causing chromosomal damage to cells. Embryotoxin: Substance capable of damaging the developing embryo in an overexposed female. Teratogen: Substance capable of damaging the developing fetus in an overexposed female. Reproductive toxin: Substance capable of adversely affecting male or female reproductive organs or functions. TOXICOLOGY DATA: LD_{xx} or LC_{xx}: The Lethal Dose or Lethal Concentration of a substance which will be fatal to a given percentage (xx) of exposed test animals by the designate route of administration. This value is used to assess the toxicity of chemical substances to humans. TD_{xx} or TC_{xx}: The Toxic Dose or Toxic Concentration of a substance which will cause an adverse effect to a given percentage (xx) of exposed test animals by the designate route of administration.

SECTION 12: TLm – Median Tolerance Limit

SECTION 13: RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. The regulations promulgated under this Act are found in 40 CFR, Sections 260 ff, and define the requirements of hazardous waste generation, transport, treatment, storage, and disposal. EPA RCRA Waste Codes: Defined in 40 CFR Section 261.

SECTION 15: CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (a.k.a. "Superfund") and SARA: (Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act). The regulations promulgated under this Act are located under 40 CFR 300 ff. and provide "community right-to-know" requirements. TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act. DSL/NDSL: Canadian Domestic Substances and Non-Domestic Substances Lists.